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TABLE 6 TO SUBPART U OF PART 63—GROUP 1 BATCH FRONT-END PROCESS VENTS AND AGGREGATE BATCH VENT STREAMS—MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Control/recovery device	Parameter to be monitored	Recordkeeping and reporting require- ments for monitored parameters
Thermal incinerator Catalytic incinerator	Firebox temperature a	1. Continuous records as specified in § 63.491(e)(1). b 2. Record and report the average firebox temperature measured during the performance test—NCS.c 3. Record the batch cycle daily average firebox temperature as specified in § 63.491(e)(2). 4. Report all batch cycle daily average temperatures that are below the minimum operating value established in the NCS or operating permit and all instances when monitoring data are not collected—PR. d.e 1. Continuous records as specified in § 63.491(e)(1). b 2. Record and report the average upstream and downstream temperatures and the average temperature difference across the catalyst bed measured during the performance test—NCS.c 3. Record the batch cycle daily average upstream temperature and temperature difference across catalyst bed as specified in § 63.491(e)(2). 4. Report all batch cycle daily average upstream temperatures that are below the minimum upstream value established in the NCS or operating permit—PR. d.e
Boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity less than 44 megawatts and where the batch frontend process vents or aggregate batch vent streams are "not" introduced with or used as the primary fuel.	Firebox temperature a	5. Reporting all batch cycle daily average temperature differences across the catalyst bed that are below the minimum difference established in the NCS or operating permit—PR. de 6. Report all instances when monitoring data are not collected. 1. Continuous records as specified in § 63.491(e)(1). b 2. Record and report the average firebox temperature measured during the per-
Flare	Presence of a flame at the pilot light	formance test—NCS.° 3. Record the batch cycle daily average firebox temperature as specified in § 63.491(e)(2). d 4. Report all batch cycle daily average temperatures that are below the minimum operating value established in the NCS or operating permit and all instances when monitoring data are not collected—PR. d.e 1. Hourly records of whether the monitor was continuously operating during light batch emission episodes selected for control and whether a flame was continuously present at the pilot light during each hour. 2. Record and report the presence of a flame at the pilot light over the full period of the compliance determination—NCS.°

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Control/recovery device	Parameter to be monitored	Recordkeeping and reporting require- ments for monitored parameters
Sorubbox for balagonated batch front and	a pH of corubbar affluent and	3. Record the times and durations of all periods during batch emission episodes when all flames at the pilot light of a flare are absent or the monitor is not operating. 4. Report the times and durations of all periods during batch emission episodes selected for control when all flames at the pilot light of a flare are absent—PR.d. 1. Continuous records as specified in
Scrubber for halogenated batch front-end process vents or aggregate batch vent streams (Note: Controlled by a combustion device other than a flare).	a. pH of scrubber effluent, and	1. Continuous records as specified in §63.491(e)(1). ⁵ 2. Record and report the average pH of the scrubber effluent measured during the performance test—NCS. ^c 3. Record the batch cycle daily average pH of the scrubber effluent as specified in §63.491(e)(2). 4. Report all batch cycle daily average pH values of the scrubber effluent that are below the minimum operating value established in the NCS or operating permit and all instances when insufficient monitoring data are collected—PR. d.e.
	b. Scrubber liquid and gas flow rates (§ 63.489(b)(4)(ii)).	Records as specified in § 63.491(e)(1).b Record and report the scrubber liquid/gas ratio averaged over the full period of the performance test—NCS.c Record the batch cycle daily average scrubber liquid/gas ratio as specified in § 63.491(e)(2).
Absorber ¹	a. Exit temperature of the absorbing liquid, and	instances when insufficient monitoring data are collected—PR. die 1. Continuous records as specified in §63.491(e)(1). b 2. Record and report the average exit temperature of the absorbing liquid measured during the performance test—NCS. c 3. Record the batch cycle daily average exit temperature of the absorbing liquid as specified in §63.491(e)(2) for each batch cycle. 4. Report all the batch cycle daily average exit temperatures of the absorbing liquid that are above the maximum operating temperature established in the NCS or operating permit and all instances when monitoring data are not
	b. Exit specific gravity of the absorbing liquid.	collected—PR.4.e 1. Continuous records as specified in §63.491(e)(1).b 2. Record and report the average exit specific gravity measured during the performance test—NCS. 3. Record the batch cycle daily average exit specific gravity as specified in §63.491(e)(2). 4. Report all batch cycle daily average exit specific gravity values that are below the minimum operating value established in the NCS or operating permit and all instances when moni-
Condenser ^f	Exit (product side) temperature	toring data are not collected—PR. d.e 1. Continuous records as specified in § 63.491(e)(1) b

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Control/recovery device	Parameter to be monitored	Recordkeeping and reporting requirements for monitored parameters
Carbon adsorber [†]	a. Total regeneration steam flow or nitrogen flow, or pressure gauge or absolute) during carbon bed regeneration cycle(s), and	2. Record and report the average exit temperature measured during the performance test—NCS. 3. Record the batch cycle daily average exit temperature as specified in §63.491(e)(2). 4. Report all batch cycle daily average exit temperatures that are above the maximum operating value established in the NCS or operating permit and all instances when monitoring data are not collected—PR. d.e 1. Record of total regeneration steam flow or nitrogen flow, or pressure for each carbon bed regeneration cycle. 2. Record and report the total regeneration steam flow or nitrogen flow, or pressure during each carbon bed regeneration cycle during the performance test—NCS.c 3. Report all carbon bed regeneration cycles when the total regeneration steam flow or nitrogen flow, or pressure is above the maximum value established in the NCS or operating per-
	b. Temperature of the carbon bed after regeneration and within 15 minutes of completing any cooling cycle(s).	mit—PR. d.e 1. Record the temperature of the carbon bed after each regeneration and within 15 minutes of completing any cooling cycle(s). 2. Record and report the temperature of the carbon bed after each regeneration and within 15 minutes of completing any cooling cycle(s) measured during the performance test—NCS.c 3. Report all carbon bed regeneration cycles when the temperature of the
All control devices	a. Diversion to the atmosphere from the control device <i>or</i>	carbon bed after regeneration, or within 15 minutes of completing any cooling cycle(s), is above the maximum value established in the NCS or operating permit—PR.d.e 1. Hourly records of whether the flow indicator was operating during batch emission episodes selected for control and whether a diversion was detected at any time during the hour, as specified in §63.491(e)(3). 2. Record and report the times of all periods during batch emission episodes selected for control when emissions are diverted through a bypass line, or the flow indicator is not operating—
	b. Monthly inspections of sealed valves	PR. ^d 1. Records that monthly inspections were performed as specified in
Absorber, condenser, and carbon adsorber (as an alternative to the above).	Concentration level or reading indicated by an organic monitoring device at the outlet of the recovery device.	§ 63.491(e)(4)(i). 2. Record and report all monthly inspections that show that valves are in the diverting position or that a seal has been broken—PR. d 1. Continuous records as specified in § 63.491(e)(1). b 2. Record and report and average batch vent concentration level or reading measured during the performance test—NCS. 3. Record the batch cycle daily average concentration level or reading as specified in § 63.491(e)(2).

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Control/recovery device	Parameter to be monitored	Recordkeeping and reporting requirements for monitored parameters
		Report all batch cycle daily average concentration levels or readings that are above the maximum values established in the NCS or operating permit and all instances when monitoring data are not collected—PR. d.e.

 $[66~{\rm FR}~36928,~{\rm July}~16,~2001]$

TABLE 7 TO SUBPART U OF PART 63—OPERATING PARAMETERS FOR WHICH MONI-TORING LEVELS ARE REQUIRED TO BE ESTABLISHED FOR CONTINUOUS AND BATCH FRONT-END PROCESS VENTS AND AGGREGATE BATCH VENT STREAMS

Control/recovery device	Parameters to be monitored	Established operating parameter(s)
Thermal incinerator	Firebox temperature	Minimum temperature.
Catalytic incinerator	Temperature upstream and downstream of the catalyst bed.	Minimum upstream temperature; and minimum temperature difference across the catalyst bed.
Boiler or process heater	Firebox temperature	Minimum temperature.
Scrubber for halogenated vents	pH of scrubber effluent; and scrubber liquid and gas flow rates. [§ 63.489(b)(4)(ii)]	Minimum pH; and minimum liquid/gas ratio.
Absorber	Exit temperature of the absorbing liquid; and exit specific gravity of the absorb- ing liquid.	Maximum temperature; and maximum specific gravity.
Condenser	Exit temperature	Maximum temperature.
Carbon adsorber	Total regeneration steam flow or nitro- gen flow, or pressure (gauge or abso- lute) a during carbon bed regeneration cycle; and temperature of the carbon bed after regeneration (and within 15 minutes of completing any cooling cycle(s)).	Maximum flow or pressure; and maximum temperature.
Other devices (or as an alternate to the above) $^{\rm b}$.	HAP concentration level or reading at outlet of device.	Maximum HAP concentration or reading.

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ 25 to 50 mm (absolute) is a common pressure level obtained by pressure swing absorbers. $^{\rm b}$ Concentration is measured instead of an operating parameter.

Table 8 to Subpart U of Part 63—Summary of Compliance Alternative REQUIREMENTS FOR THE BACK-END PROCESS PROVISIONS

Compliance alternative	Parameter to be monitored	Requirements
Compliance Using Stripping Technology, Demonstrated through Periodic Sam- pling [§ 63.495(b)].	Residual organic HAP content in each sample of crumb or latex.	(1) If a stripper operated in batch mode is used, at least one representative sample is to be taken from every batch. (2) If a stripper operated in continuous mode is used, at least one representative sample is to be taken each operating day.
	Quantity of Material (weight of latex or dry crumb rubber) represented by each sample.	Acceptable methods of determining this quantity are production records, measurement of stream characteris- tics and engineering calculations

a Monitor may be installed in the firebox or in the duct work immediately downstream of the firebox before any substantial heat exchange is encountered.

b "Continuous records" is defined in § 63.111.

c NCS = Notification of Compliance Status described in § 63.506(e)(5).

dPR = Periodic Reports described in § 63.506(e)(6).

e The periodic reports shall include the duration of periods when monitoring data are not collected as specified in § 63.506(e)(6)(iii)(C).

f Alternatively, these devices may comply with the organic monitoring device provisions listed at the end of this table.

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